



FARAD: Facility for Advanced RF and Algorithmic Development

Exploratory Radar Systems Capabilities Overview

Dale Dubbert
Sandia National Laboratories
(505) 845-8424
dfdubbe@sandia.gov

6-21-2016

Sandia National Laboratories is a multi-program laboratory managed and operated by Sandia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Lockheed Martin Corporation, for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000.



The Purpose of FARAD

- To develop and maintain an in-house, high-performance, multi-mode airborne radar capability for the continued advancement of Sandia's ISR capabilities.
- FARAD works in accord with R&D efforts, both internal and external, to provide advanced radar airborne data collection and exploitation assets to facilitate specific research goals.
- FARAD provides a “testbed laboratory”/research tool set that can be widely utilized in support of internal R&D, new program development, and collection of customer requested data products.

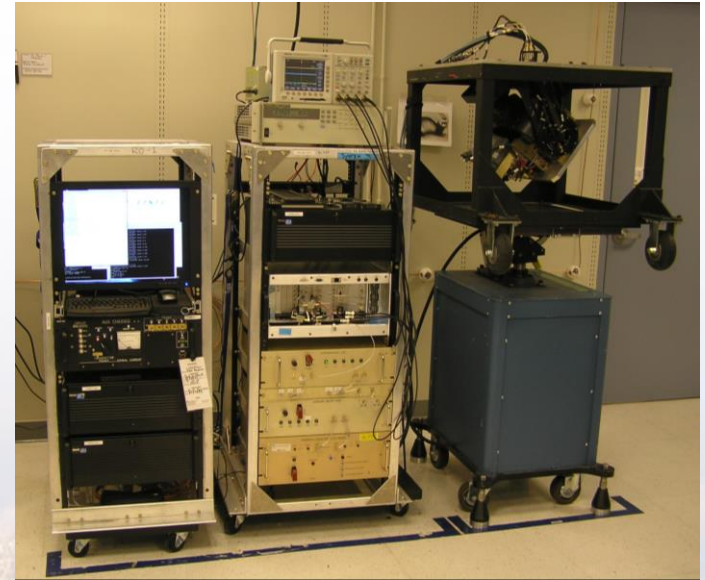


DeHavilland DHC-6 “Twin Otter” research aircraft operated for Sandia by Twin Otter International



FARAD Common Architecture

- **FARAD complies with Sandia Common Architecture Program (CAP)**
- **Subsystems common to all FARAD radars:**
 - Modular phase history generator (PHG)
 - GPU-Based phase history processor(s) (PHP)
 - Claw[®] based radar operator computer and console
 - CAP multi-mode radar software
 - 3-Axis antenna positioner
- **Frequency dependent subsystems:**
 - Antenna
 - RF front end
 - Frequency translation (Ka-Band)



[®]Claw: Integrated payload control and analysis software, General Atomics Aeronautical.



FARAD Radar Configurations

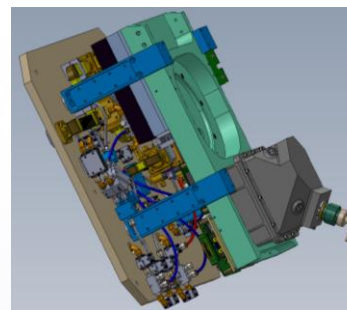
■ Phoenix

- X-Band (9.6 GHz)
- Fully polarimetric
- Fully integrated dual-channel front end



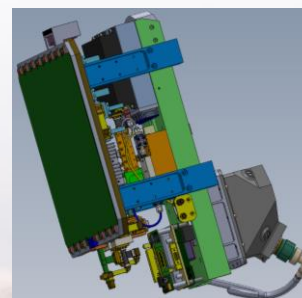
■ Ku-Band

- Ku-Band (16.8 GHz)
- Quad-phase-center antenna
- CAP PHG/PHP/Claw and Ku-Band MFE/AGA*
- 4-channel front end, dual RX channel PHG**



■ Ka-Band

- Ka-Band (35 GHz), ultra-fine resolution
- Azimuth monopulse antenna (low-MDV GMTI, VICTR***)
- All Ka-Band RF, including MPM, integrated on gimbal center axis



*Modular Front End / Antenna Gimbal Assembly

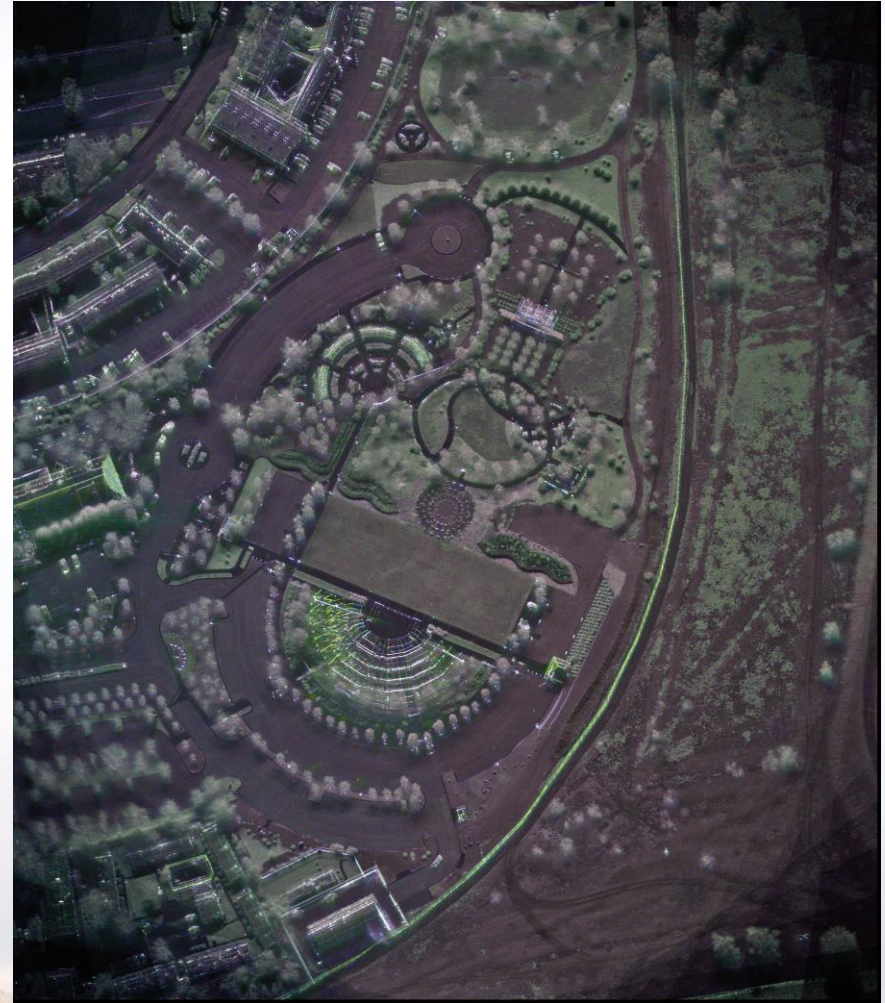
**Phase History Generator

***Velocity Independent Continuous Tracking Radar



Phoenix

- 9.6 GHz center frequency
- 3 GHz RF bandwidth
- 4-inch resolution (spot mode)
- 1-foot resolution (contiguous stripmap)
- 300 Watt TWTA
- Single hardware RX channel
- Fully polarimetric (4:1 multiplex)
- 12 km single-pol, 8 km full pol max range at finest resolution*
- Real-time image formation on single polarization
- Operating modes:
 - SAR (spot circle, straight-line spot, stripmap)
 - VideoSAR
 - Exocutter GMTI
 - Single or quad-polarization on all modes
 - Bistatic modes with ground-based RX/acquisition system
- Fully operational: First collect was 6/19-8/1/2013.



Multi-look X-Band Polarimetric SAR, Yamaguchi decomposition, New Mexico Veterans Memorial

*Assumes < -25 dB noise reflectivity maintained at far corners of image with max image size (4k pixels range, 3 dB beamwidth azimuth)



Ku-Band

- 16.8 GHz center frequency
- 3 GHz RF bandwidth
- 70 Watt MPM*
- 4-inch resolution (spot mode and contiguous stripmap)
- Dual hardware RX channels
- 2:1 multiplexing each channel (4 data channels)
- Quad phase center antenna
- 8 km max range at finest resolution
- Real-time image formation on two channels
- Operating modes:
 - SAR (spot circle, straight-line spot, stripmap)
 - VideoSAR
 - Endoclutter GMTI
- **Fully operational: First collect was 7/11-8/13/2014**



Ku-Band 4-inch resolution SAR image, Tijeras Arroyo Golf Course, KAFB, New Mexico

**L-3 Comm Microwave Power Module*



Ka-Band

- 35.6 GHz center frequency
- 5 GHz RF bandwidth
- Ultra-fine spot-mode resolution
- 1-foot resolution (contiguous stripmap)
- 50W NanoMPM®
- Single hardware RX channel
- Azimuth monopulse antenna
- 2:1 multiplex (Σ/Δ)
- 6 km max range at finest resolution
- Real-time image formation on single channel
- Operating modes:
 - SAR (spot circle, straight-line spot, stripmap)
 - VideoSAR
 - Endoclutter GMTI
 - VICTR
- Fully operational: First collect in June, 2015.



Ka-Band 4-inch resolution SAR interleaved stripmap, UNM Golf Course, overlay on Google-Earth.

